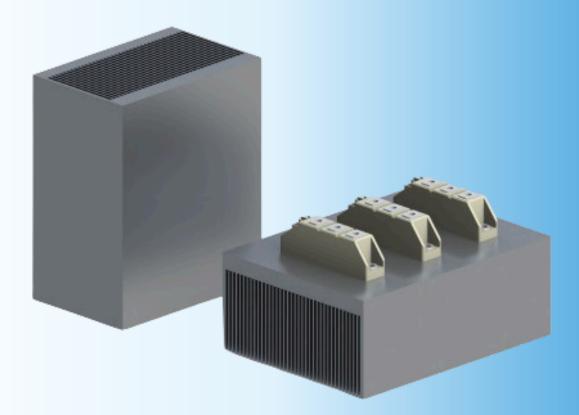


NEW 1050 ALLOY HEATSINKS



TECNDAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING FOR ELECTRONICS

NEW 1050

ALLOY

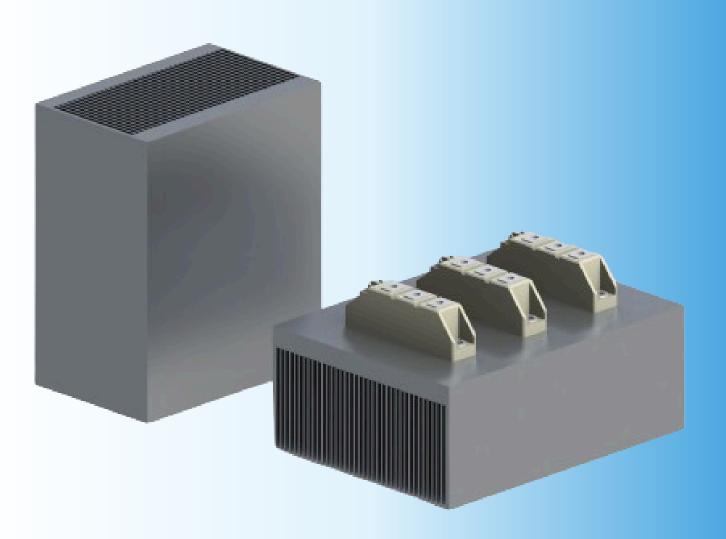
HEATSINKS

To meet the needs of designers and overcome the performance limits of extrusion heat sinks without necessarily having to use expensive alternative solutions. Tecnoal S.r.I. has engineered two new types of high-performance heat sinks with forced ventilation.

These are heat sinks made of 1050 aluminum alloy, which are characterised by better thermal conductivity with respect to normal extrusion alloys.

The first one, called EV-B (Bundled fins), allows to obtain profiles with 3 or 4 surfaces on which to apply the components to be dissipated.

The second one, EV-I (Implanted fins), allows to obtain comb heat sinks with a single surface where the components must be applied, with the possibility of using different materials on the same heat sink (Aluminum and Copper).



SERIE EV-B

EV-B (bundled fins)

Following laboratory tests, some parameters have been standardised:

Fin pitch. This is the most important and concerns the solid-void ratio of the profile. The results of the technical and laboratory tests, in case of forced ventilation, show the following solid/void ratios as optimal according to the length of the heatsink.

Type of tunnel	Heatsink length	Solid-void ratio
Extra short tunnels	Less than 50mm	1:1
Short tunnels	from 50mm to 100mm	2:1
Medium tunnels	from 100m to 300mm	2:1
Long tunnels	from 300mm to 500mm	2:1
Extra long tunnels	more than 500mm	2,5:1 oppure 3:1

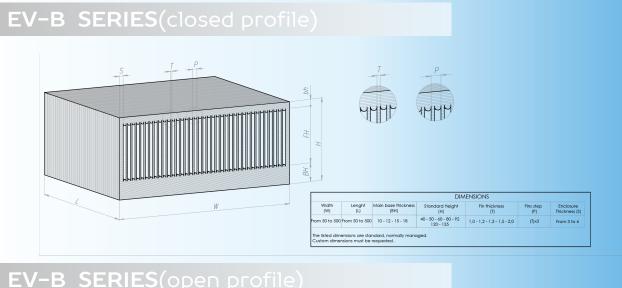
Fin thickness

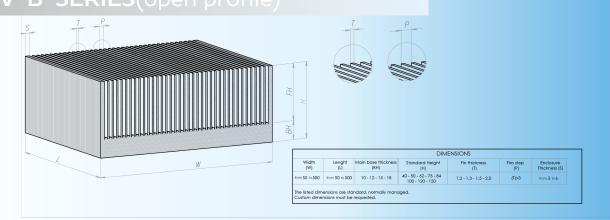
It is optimised on values from 1.3mm to 1.5mm and will substantially depend on the height of the fin and the features of the fan.

Thermal load concentration

Depending on this aspect, it will be necessary to adjust the thickness of the main surface. The standards considered by us assume an average surface load ratio of approximately $\frac{1}{2}$.

The available dimensions are 1200 mm for length and 1000 mm for width. The EV-B series can be manufactured in 2 variants, with 4 usable surfaces for dissipation (closed profile) or with 3 usable surfaces (open profile):





EV-I SERIE

EV-I (implanted fins)

With this technology, the fin pitch can be varied a great deal, obtaining values that are not achievable with extrusion. Accurate laboratory tests have shown some particularly efficient Base-Fin coupling ratios.

Fin pitch

The 5 mm pitch for all piece lengths, For very long pieces, the 5.5 mm pitch may be recommended, while for short ones the efficiency can be optimised with the 4.5 mm pitch.

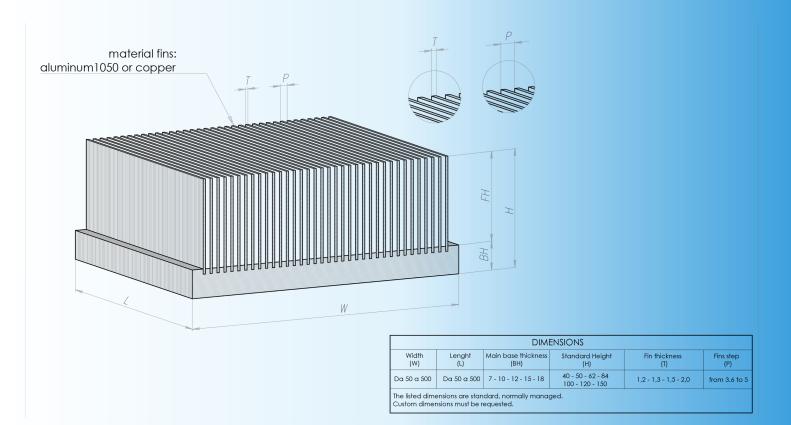
Fin thickness

The value of 1.5 mm is deemed more beneficial and advisable for a range of heights ranging from about 50 mm up to 150 mm.

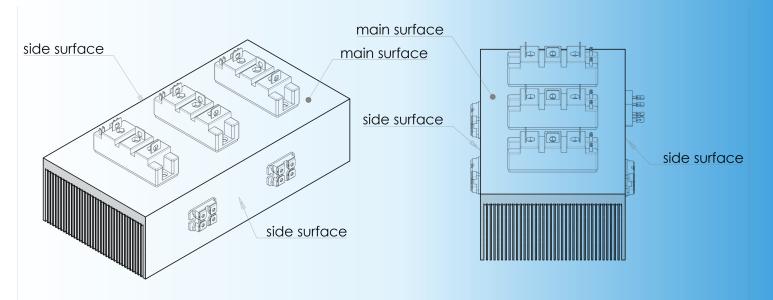
Thermal load concentration

As for the thickness of the base, a range of measurements that covers almost all conditions of thermal load concentration with good efficiency ranges from 14 mm to 17 mm, reaching 20 mm for very concentrated loads. For special uses, it can be applied to the aluminum base of the copper fins or vice-versa. This trick allows to increase the efficiency of the device.

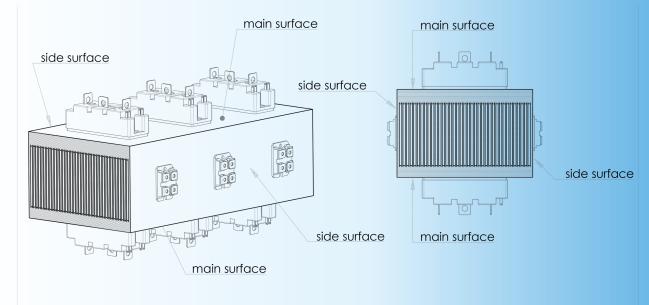
The maximum dimensions that can be supplied are approximately 1000 mm in length and 1500 mm in width. Obviously, these dimensions are to be understood as maximum overall dimensions and should not be considered as applicable both to the same article.



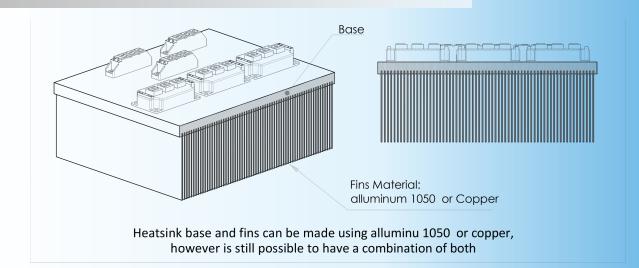
Example EV-B SERIES heatsink (open profile) with components to be dissipated assembled on 3 sides



Example EV-B SERIES heatsink (open profile) with components to be dissipated assembled on 4 sides



Example EV-I SERIES heatsink



TECNOAL S.r.I.

Via Bonazzi 19-21 40013 Castel Maggiore Bologna - ITALY Tel. +39 051 7092301® Fax +39 051 702335 info@tecnoal.itesito www.tecnoal.it R.E.A. BO - 519671®C.F. - P.IVA 03444781201